Thermal Properties of Gas, Heat Engine 気体の熱的性質、熱機関(エンジン)

目的	1) 気体の性質を理解する(温度による膨張、断熱圧縮、断熱膨張) 2) エンジンの構造と働きを理解する	4 グループ
Objectives	a) ビー玉スターリングエンジン	
	b) スチームエンジン	
	c) ガソリンエンジン	

1) Simple Experiments on the Properties of Gas

Charles' Law

PhysicsLab-024





Explanation of principles involved

Charles' Law states that the volume of a given amount of dry ideal gas is directly proportional to the temperature if the amount of gas and the pressure remains fixed. A plot of the volume of a gas against the temperature it forms a straight line. The mathematical statement is that the V/T = a constant.

The pulse glass contains a volatile liquid and vapor sealed in glass container at a low pressure. Heating one bulb with your hand increases the vapor pressure in the bulb, forcing the liquid through a connecting tube into the other bulb in a series of bubbles or pulses.

Adiabatic Heating





When a piston that fits snugly inside a cylinder is pushed downward rapidly, the temperature of the gas within the cylinder increases before there is time for heat to flow out of the system. Thus, the process in essentially adiabatic or 断熱過 程.

Formation of Cloud in a Bottle

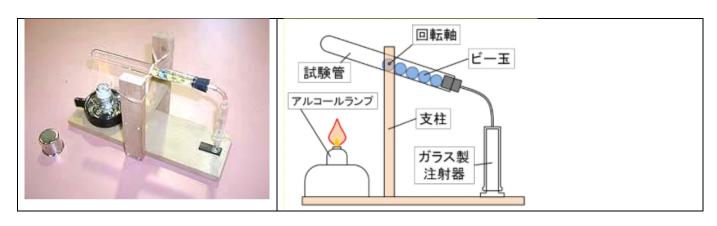




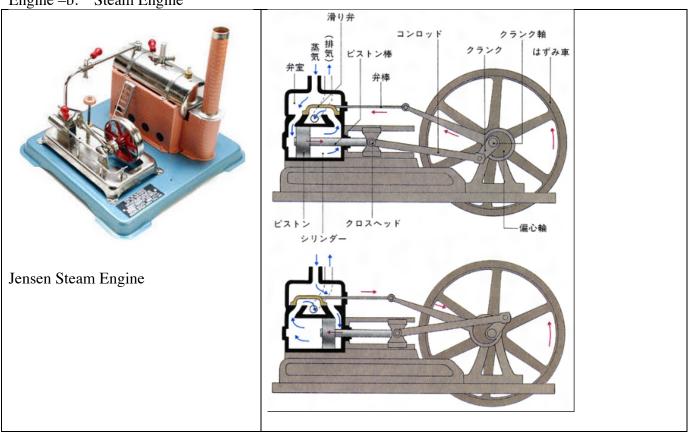




Engine –a Marble/Test-Tube Stirling Engine



Engine -b. Steam Engine



Engine –c Gasoline Engine

