

Date of Lab 10/7/2018Date of Submission 10/17/2018

Laboratory Report

Title

The Net force of three or more force

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Summary

We recorded and analyzed the net force of three or more forces by using hangers and protractor. We draw the diagrams of data by using Parallelogram and head-to-tail method. I learned that, as the length of net force, I can get more accurate value by using Parallelogram than using head-to-tail method. However, for the angle (α), I could get more accurate numbers by using head-to-tail than Parallelogram method. So I can get close value to math method by using both of them.

- Meet a deadline
- Write logically
- Write clearly
- Write with your own words

Teacher's Comments

Drawings are beautiful and clear. Some wrong expressions about the angles in the math method.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Due	Summary	Intro.	Method.	Results	Table/Fig.	Discussion	Clearness	General

* Use this form as a cover sheet.

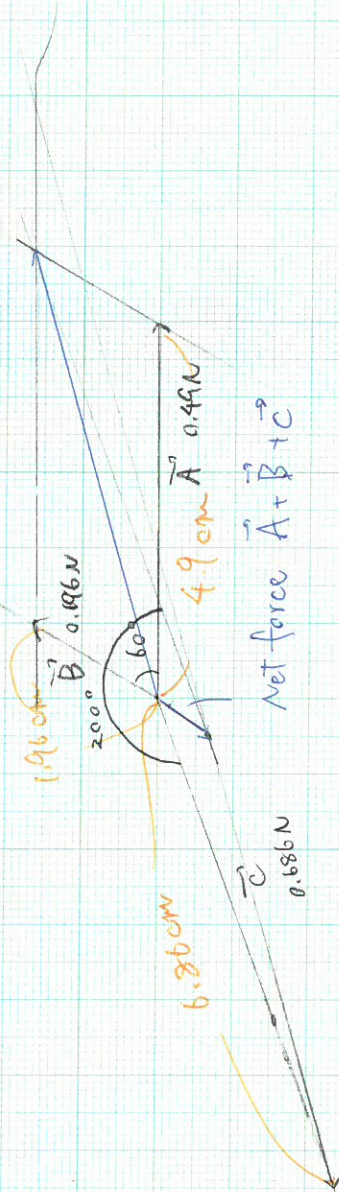
* Submit your reports by the seventh day after your lab.

Data 1

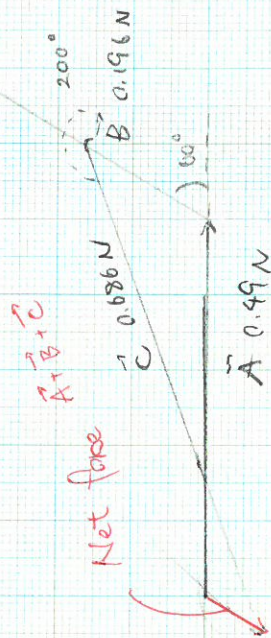
Exp. I	Mass of weight (kg)	Force (N)	Angle (°)
A	0.05	4.9	0°
B	0.02	1.96	60°
C	0.186	1.86	200°

$$1 \text{ N} = 10 \text{ cm}$$

Experiment - 1
Parallellogram method



Experiment - 1
Head to Tail Method

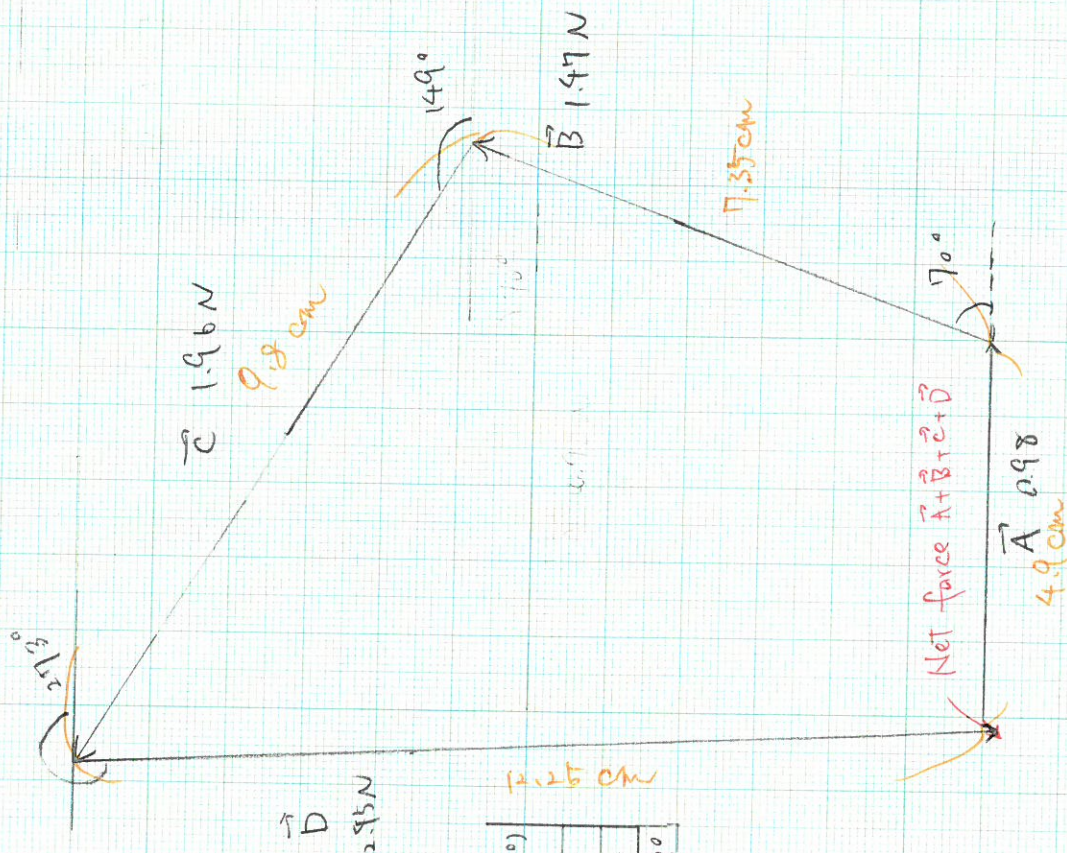


Data 2

1 N = 5 cm

Experiment ~ 2

• Head to tail Method



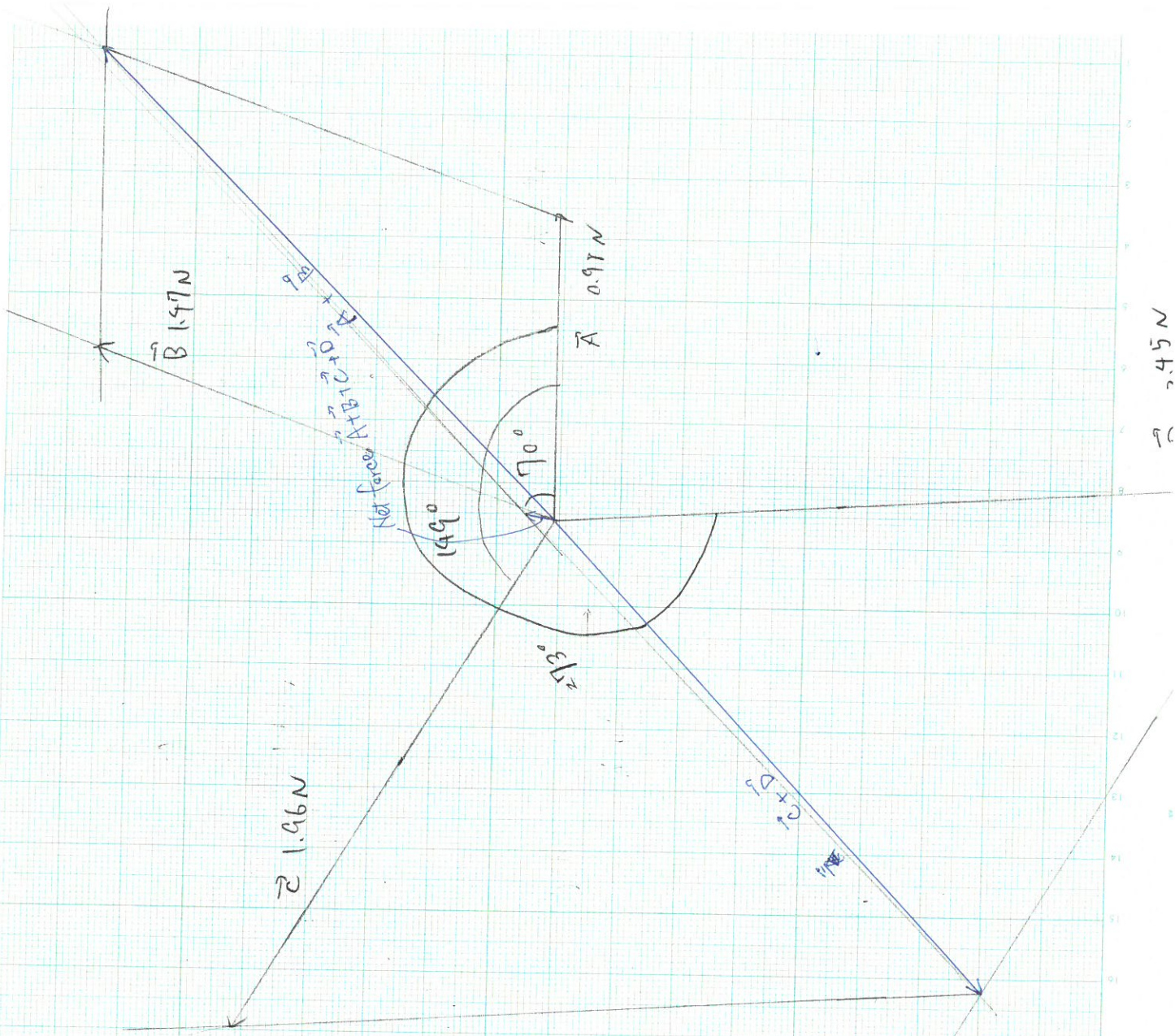
Exp 2	Mass of weight (kg)	Force (N)	Angle ($^\circ$)
A	0.1	0.98	0°
B	0.15	1.47	70°
C	0.2	1.96	149°
D	0.25	2.45	273°

Date 3

(N = 500m)

Experiment - 2

• Parallelogram Method

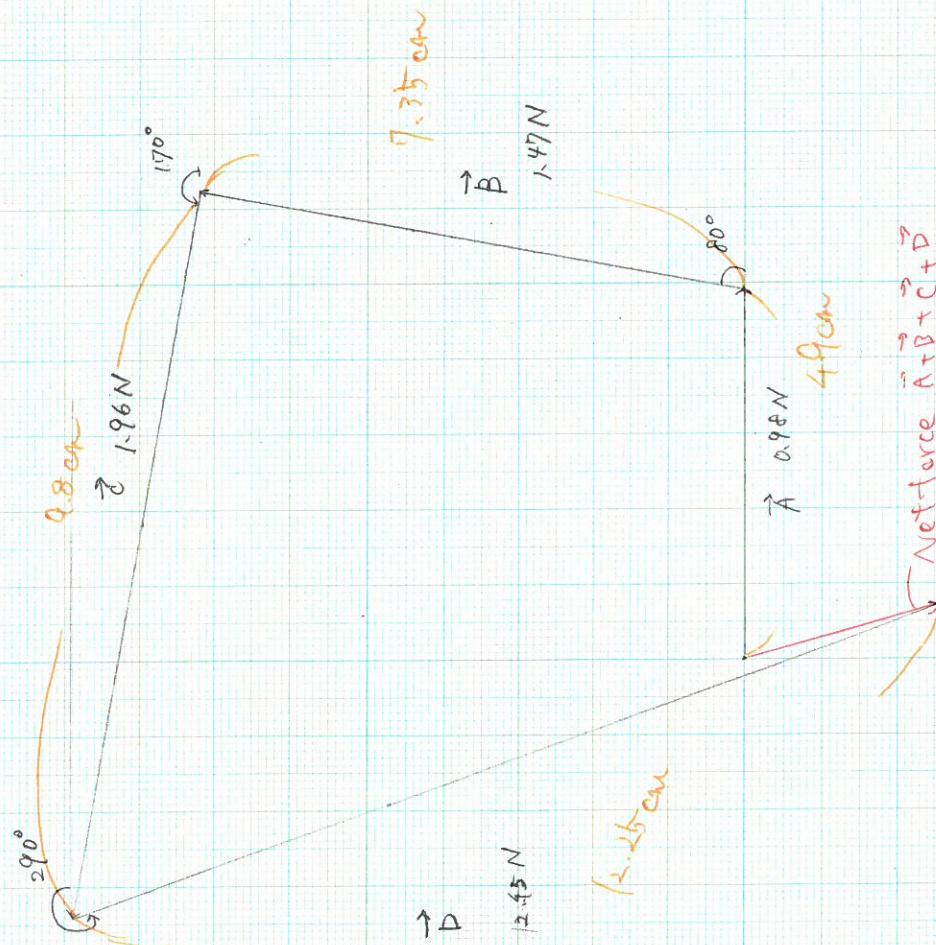


Data 4

$1\text{ N} = 5\text{ cm}$

Experiment - 3

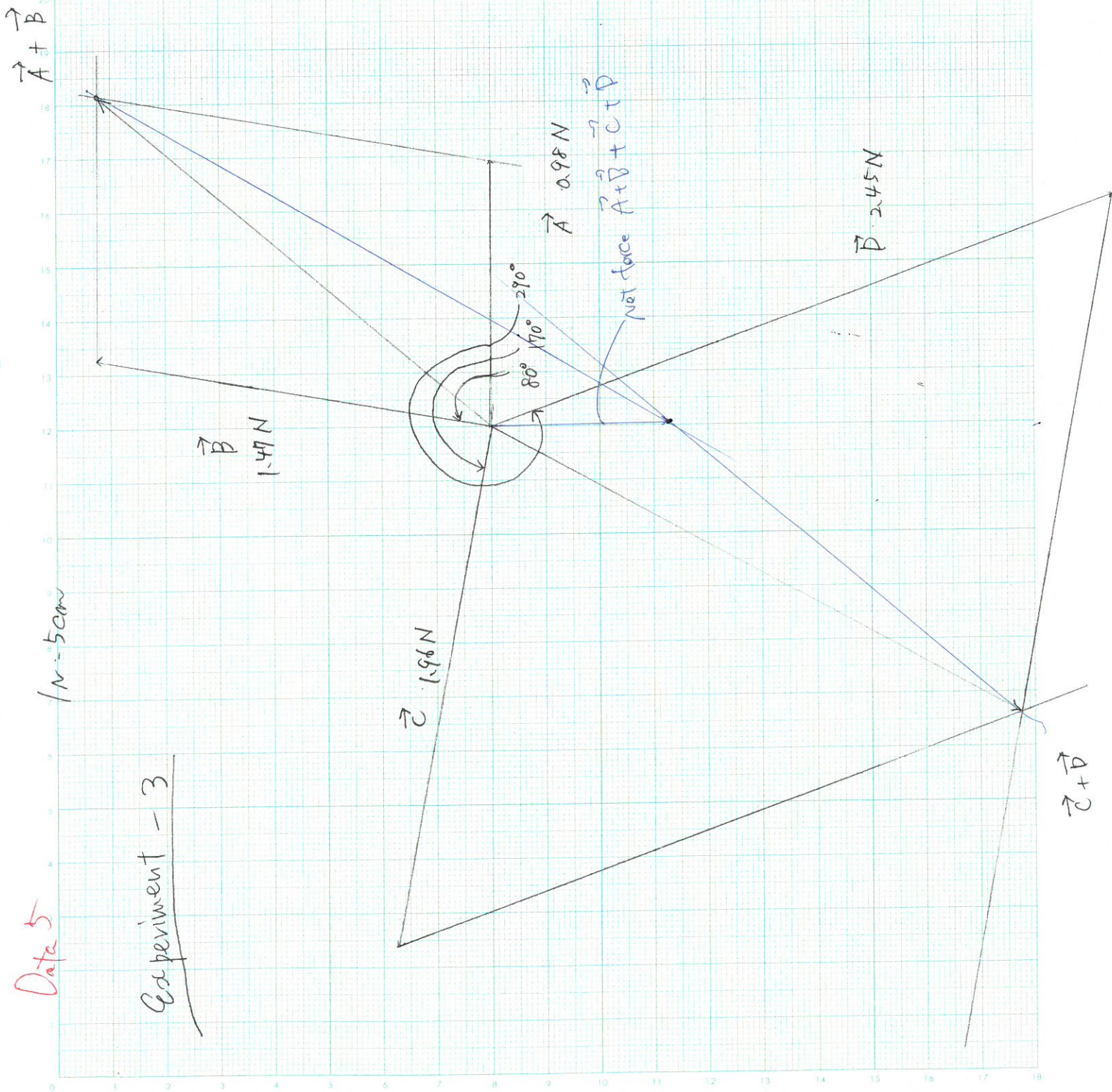
Exp. 3	Mass of weight (kg)	Force (N)	Angle ($^{\circ}$)
A	0.1	0.98	0°
B	0.15	1.47	80°
C	0.2	1.96	170°
D	0.25	2.45	290°



Date 5

Experiment - 3

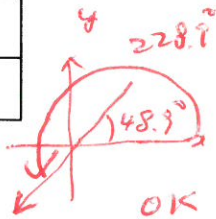
1 cm = 5 cm



Force table (Math method)

	F	θ	$F_x = F \cos \theta$	$F_y = F \sin \theta$
Exp.1	(N)	($^\circ$)	(N)	(N)
A	0.49	0	0.49	0
B	0.196	60	0.098	0.16974
C	0.686	200	-0.6446	-0.234625
		F_x, F_y	-0.0566	-0.064885

$$F = \sqrt{(F_x)^2 + (F_y)^2} = 0.086 \quad \theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{F_y}{F_x}\right) = 48.9 \quad 180^\circ + 48.9^\circ = 228.9^\circ$$



	F	θ	$F_x = F \cos \theta$	$F_y = F \sin \theta$
Exp.2	(N)	($^\circ$)	(N)	(N)
A	0.98	0	0.98	0
B	1.47	70	0.503	1.381
C	1.96	149	-1.68	1.00947
D	2.45	273	0.128	-2.4466
		F_x, F_y	-0.069	-0.05613

$$F = \sqrt{(F_x)^2 + (F_y)^2} = 0.089 \quad \theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{F_y}{F_x}\right) = 39.1 \quad 180^\circ + 39.1^\circ = 219.1^\circ$$

	F	θ	$F_x = F \cos \theta$	$F_y = F \sin \theta$
Exp.3	(N)	($^\circ$)	(N)	(N)
A	0.98	0	0.98	0
B	1.47	80	0.25526	1.447667
C	1.96	170	-1.9302	0.34035
D	2.45	290	0.83795	-2.302247
		F_x, F_y	0.14301	-0.51423

$$F = \sqrt{(F_x)^2 + (F_y)^2} = 0.53 \quad \theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{F_y}{F_x}\right) = -74.6$$

OK

* Percent Error

* Exp. 1 (Parallelogram Method)

$$\frac{|(0.085N - 0.086N)|}{0.086N} \times 100\% = 1.16\% \quad \underline{1.16\%}$$

Head to Tail Method

$$\frac{|(0.09N - 0.086N)|}{0.086N} \times 100\% = 4.65\% \quad \underline{4.65\%}$$

Exp. 2

Parallelogram Method

$$\frac{|(0.09N - 0.089N)|}{0.089N} \times 100\% = 1.12\% \quad \underline{1.12\%}$$

Head to Tail Method

$$\frac{|(0.08N - 0.089N)|}{0.089N} \times 100\% = 10.11\% \rightarrow \underline{10.1\%}$$

* Exp. 1 (C)

Parallelogram Method

$$\frac{|(55^\circ - 48.7^\circ)|}{48.7^\circ} \times 100\% = 12.936 \rightarrow \underline{12.9\%}$$

Head to Tail

$$\frac{|(60^\circ - 48.7^\circ)|}{48.7^\circ} \times 100\% = 23.203 \rightarrow \underline{23.2\%}$$

Exp. 2

Parallelogram

$$\frac{|(75^\circ - 39.1^\circ)|}{39.1^\circ} \times 100\% = 91.85 \rightarrow \underline{91.8\%}$$

Head to Tail

$$\frac{|(39^\circ - 39.1^\circ)|}{39.1^\circ} \times 100\% = 0.256 \rightarrow \underline{0.256\%}$$

Discussion

As shown in the force table of Exp.1. Net force of the Exp.1 is 0.086N and the angle is 48.7. That means 0.86cm in Data 1 because we recorded that 1N=10cm. In Data 1, the lengths of the net force are 0.85cm in Parallelogram method and 0.9cm in Head to tail method. The angles (θ) are 55° and 60°. From this results, there is some error between math method and other methods. I think this is because our weights were not enough. Dr. Moritani told us that if there is not enough weight on the equipment, I could not get the accurate values because there is some frictions between strings and pulleys. I think this is the reason.

Secondly, in the force table of Exp.2, Net force is 0.089N and angle is 39.1°. We recorded that 1N=5cm in here, so I got 0.445cm of the length of Exp.2. From Data 2, the length and angle of Net force are 0.4cm and 39°, for Data 3, the length is 0.45cm and the angle is 75° to opposite direction. I get some error here too, but biggest error is the angle of Data 3's direction is completely different from math method. This is because I wrote the diagram which was too big for the paper, so I cannot draw the picture of parallelogram. I think that is a cause.

Finally, in the force table of Exp.3, Net force is 0.53N and the angle is -74.6°. In Data 4&5, the length of Net forces are 2.65cm and 3.3cm. We recorded 1N as 5cm, so the length of net force should be 2.65cm. I finally get same value in here. The angle of Net force is -74.6° from math method. In data 4&5, the angles are -75° and -89°.

Opinion

I learned that Parallelogram method is not working accurately than Head to tail method. All of the error that I stated above are occurred in Parallelogram method. On the other hand, Head to tail method led close values to math method. I think this is because Head to tail method is simpler to draw than Parallelogram method.

